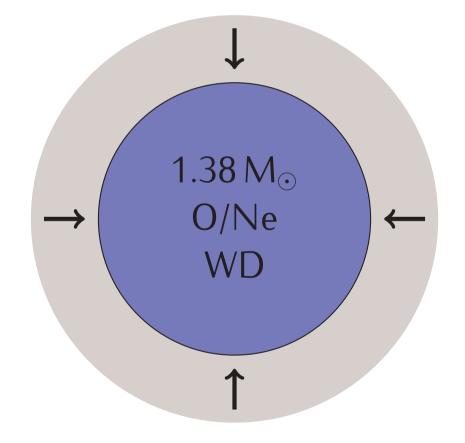
The Evolution of ONe White Dwarfs towards Accretion-Induced Collapse

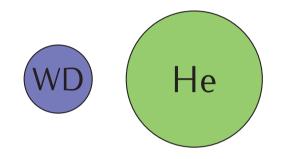
with L. Bildsten, E. Quataert & others

Josiah Schwab 01 February 2016 Accretion-induced collapse (AIC) occurs when an O/Ne WD reaches a critical mass.



Multiple channels are thought to lead to AIC.

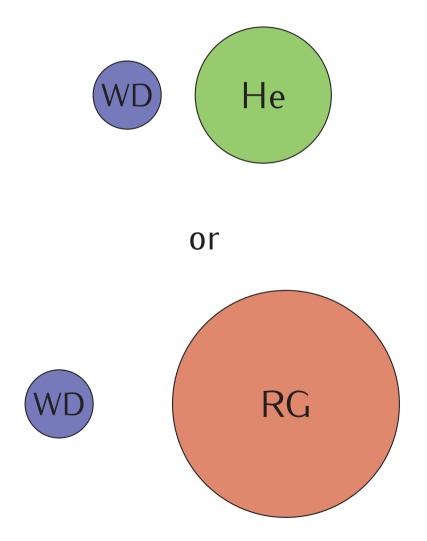
Single-Degenerate



Double-Degenerate

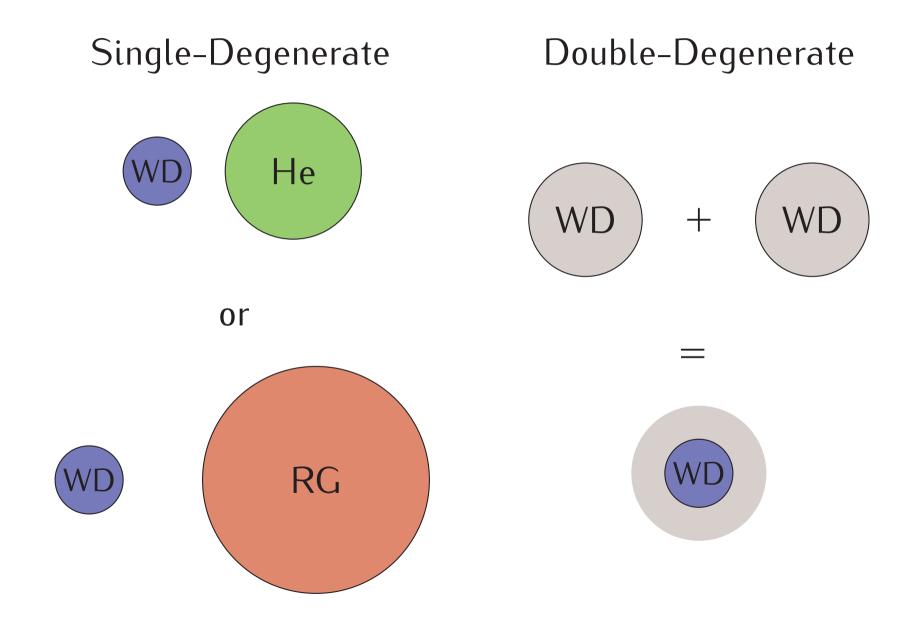
Multiple channels are thought to lead to AIC.

Single-Degenerate



Double-Degenerate

Multiple channels are thought to lead to AIC.



No direct observations of AIC have yet been made.

 Models of the collapse of a massive WD to form a neutron star (NS) produce a weak explosion and $\sim 10^{-3}\,M_\odot$ of Ni-rich ejecta.

Woosley & Baron (1992); Dessart et al. (2006);

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Woosley & Baron (1992); Dessart et al. (2006);

- Other radio, optical, and X-ray signatures have been predicted, but depend on whether
 - the progenitor systems have surrounding material
 - other aspects of the evolution synthesize Ni-56
 - the newly formed NS is a magnetar

Piro & Kulkarni (2013); Metzger & Bower (2014)

Our goal is to comprehensively re-address AIC in order to develop a modern understanding of progenitor systems, which will provide muchneeded initial models for predictions of the lightcurves and spectra.

Overview

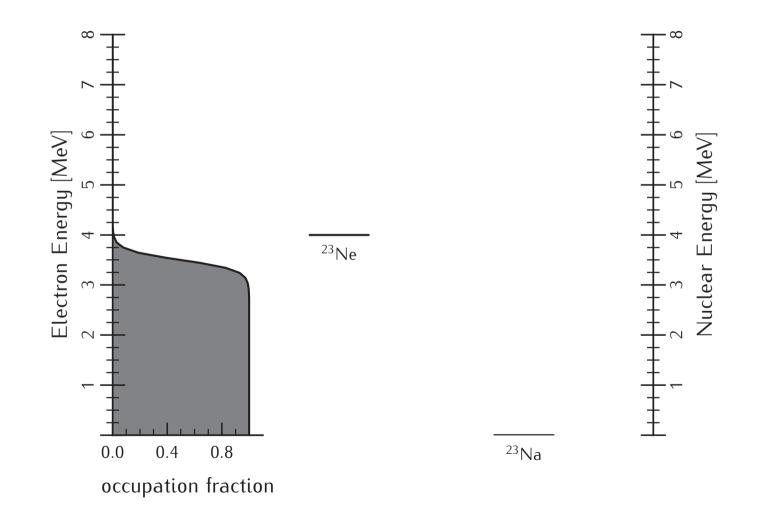
Evolution of accreting ONe WDs Overview of key weak reactions Thermal evolution of accreting ONe WDs Collapse to a neutron star

Applications

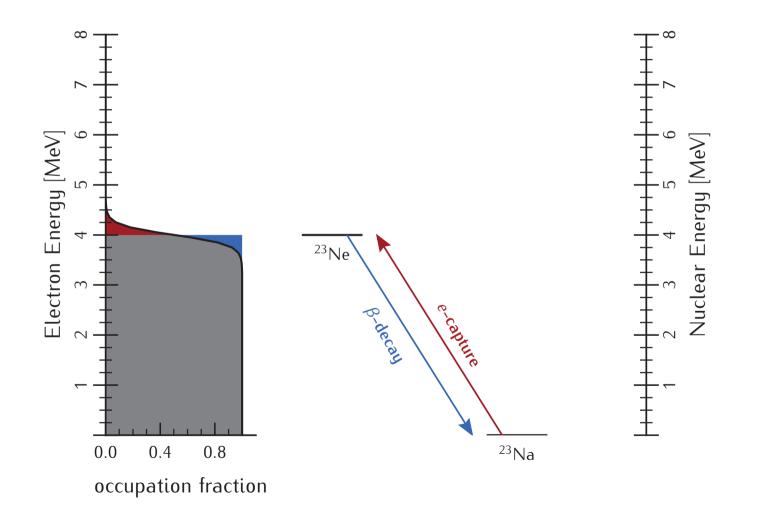
Summary and Conclusions

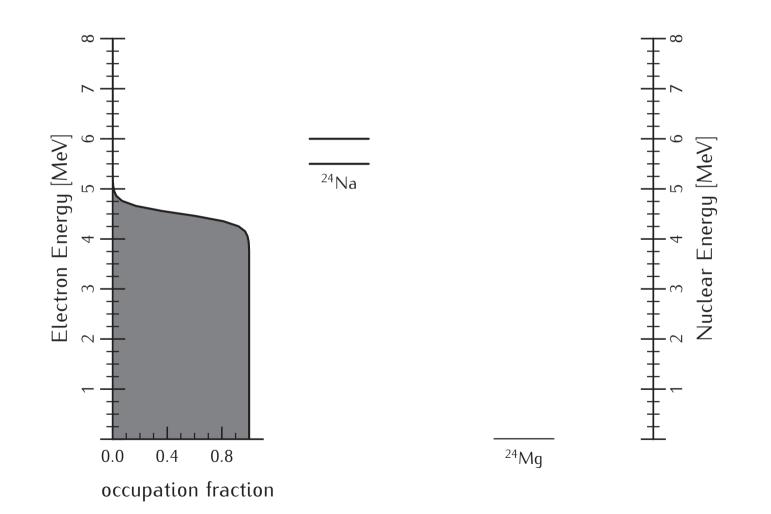
Bonus Topic: Carbon Flames

The WD is a cold, electron-degenerate plasma; the electron Fermi energy is \sim MeV and rising.

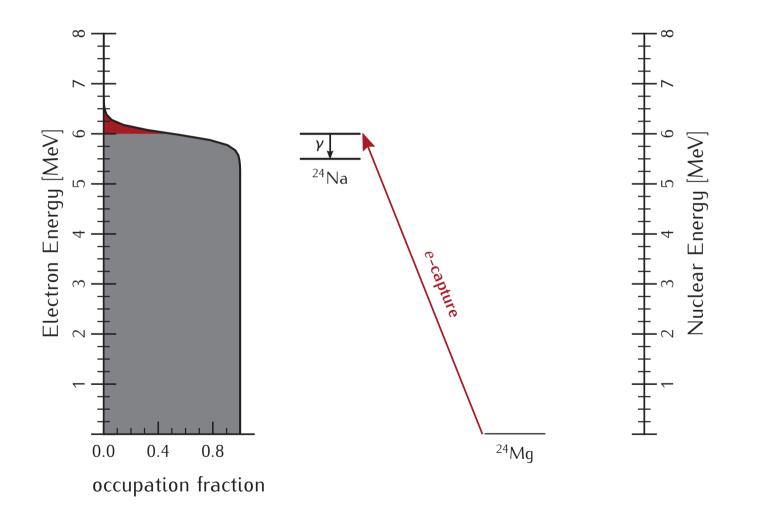


At some particular densities the plasma is <u>cooled</u> by emission of Urca-process neutrinos.





At some particular densities the plasma is <u>heated</u> by emission of gamma-rays.



Overview

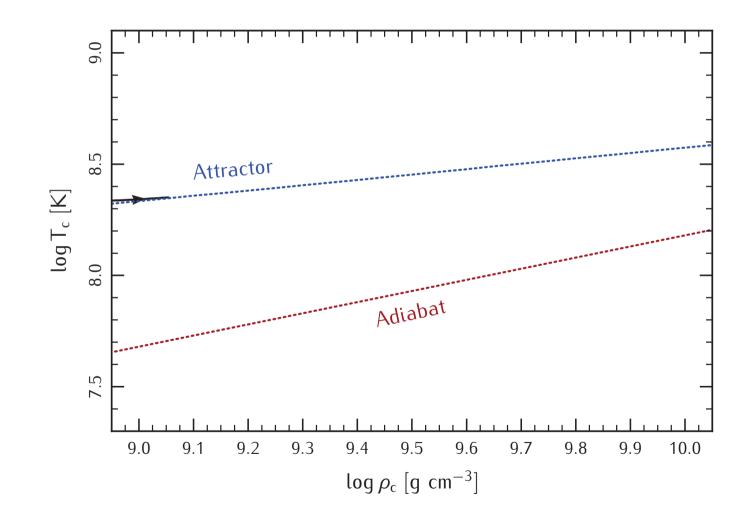
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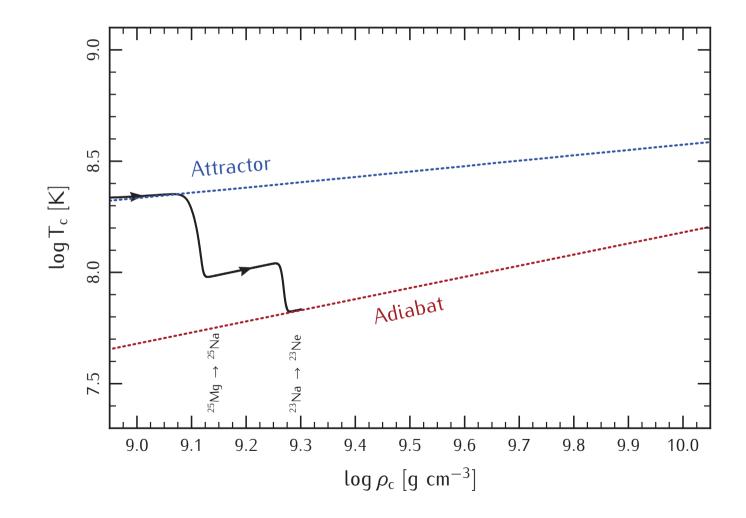
Summary and Conclusions

Bonus Topic: Carbon Flames

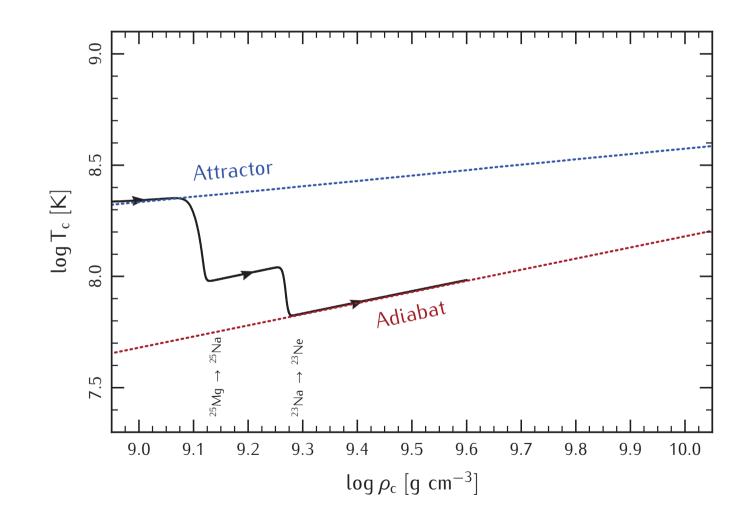
Initially, the temperature is set by a balance between compression and neutrino cooling.



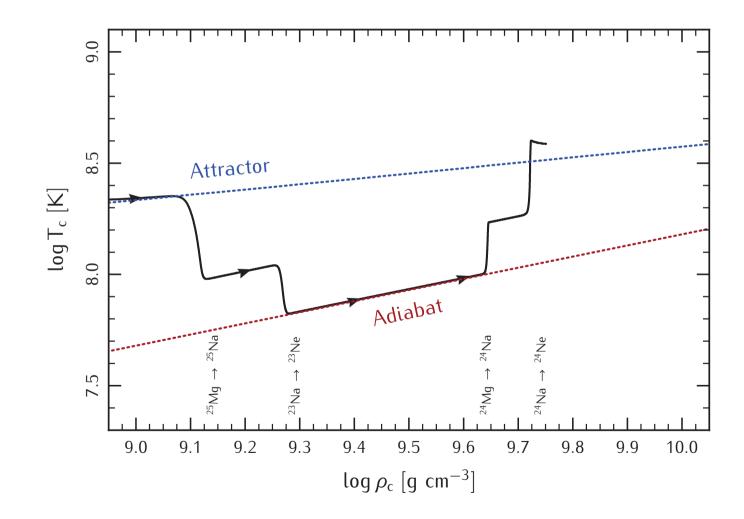
Substantial Urca-process cooling occurs associated with the A = 23 and A = 25 isotopes.



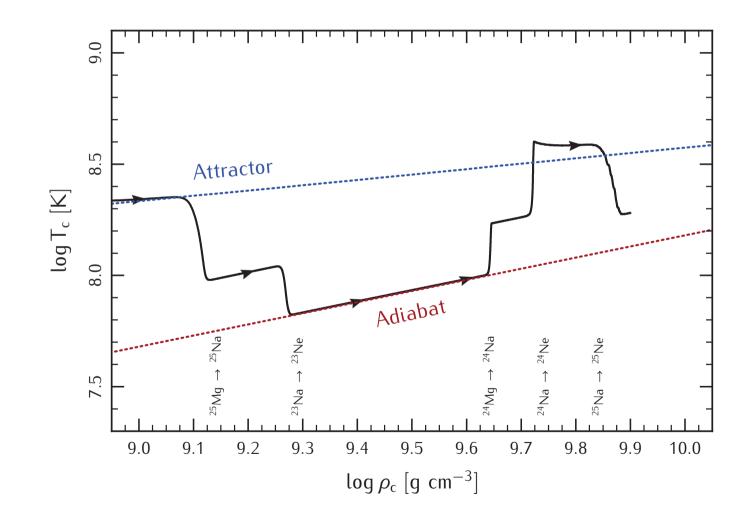
This shuts off neutrino cooling and the material evolves along an adiabat.



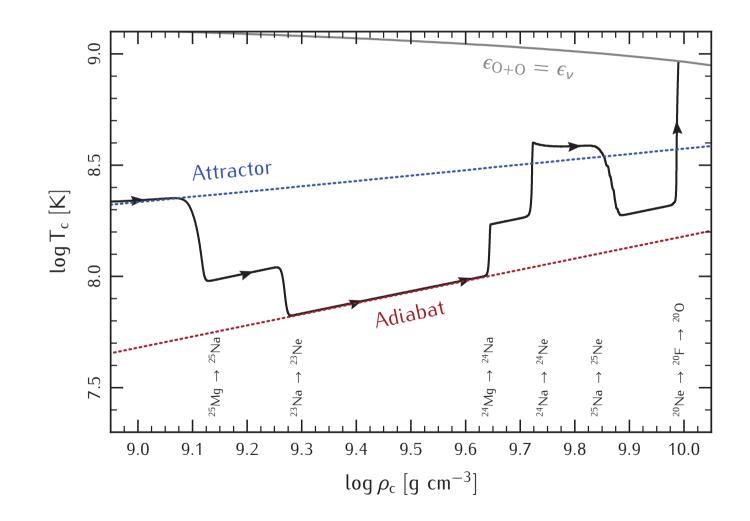
Substantial heating also occurs associated with the A = 24 isotopes.



Urca-process cooling will set the temperature at the onset of captures on 20 Ne.



Electron captures on ²⁰Ne are exothermic; this heating will ignite oxygen fusion.



Overview

Evolution of accreting ONe WDs

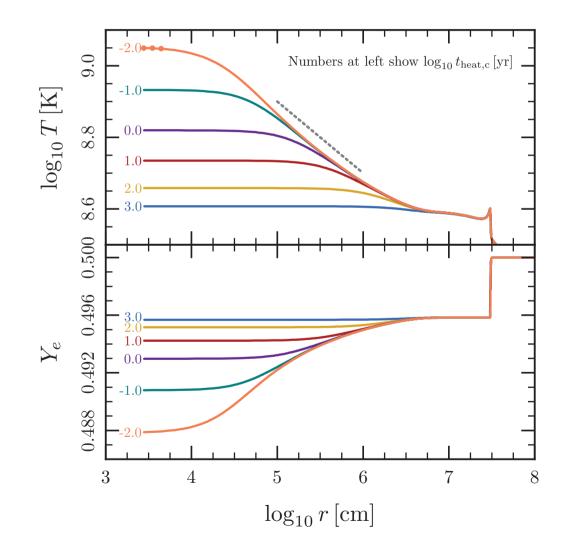
Overview of key weak reactions Thermal evolution of accreting ONe WDs Collapse to a neutron star

Applications

Summary and Conclusions

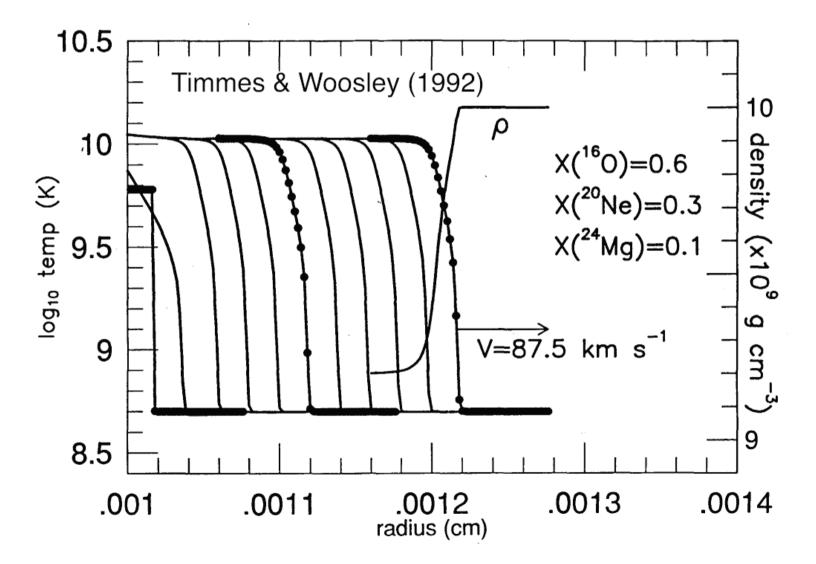
Bonus Topic: Carbon Flames

A thermal runaway develops in the core; but convection is not triggered in the core.



This will lead to the formation

of an outgoing oxygen deflagration wave.



MESA now includes suitable versions of the key weak reaction rates.

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- This work provides an analytic understanding of the evolution of ONe WDs evolving towards accretion-induced collapse.

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- This work provides an analytic understanding of the evolution of ONe WDs evolving towards accretion-induced collapse.
- We demonstrated the presence of a thermal runaway in the core, which will trigger an oxygen deflagration at a density such that collapse to a neutron star is likely.

Overview

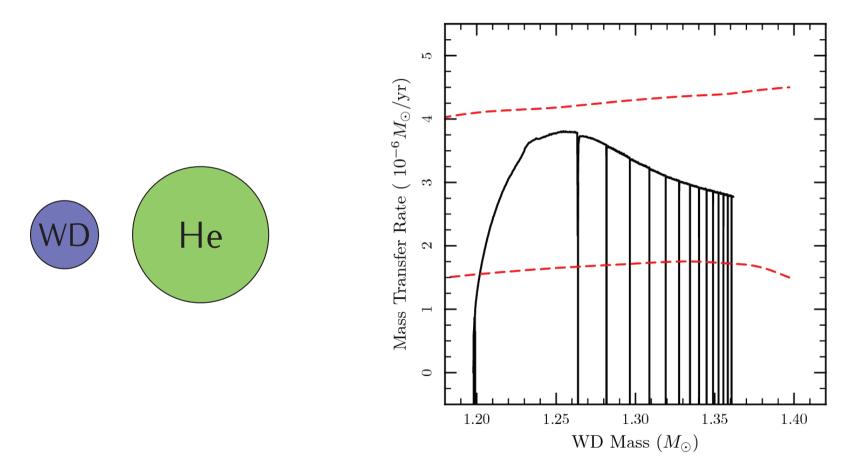
Evolution of accreting ONe WDs

Applications He Star + WD Binaries Double White Dwarf Mergers

Summary and Conclusions

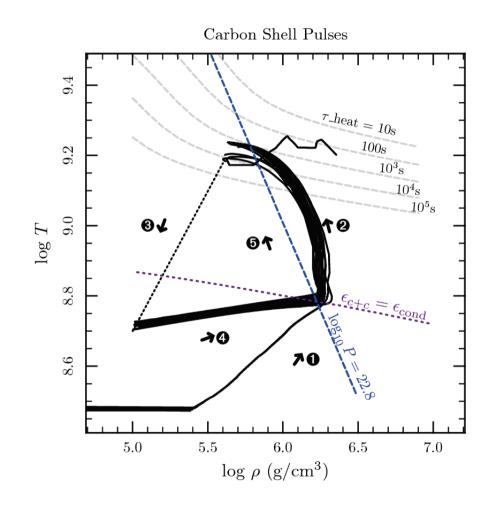
Bonus Topic: Carbon Flames

Thermal timescale mass transfer gives M values in the regime for stable He burning.



Work led by Jared Brooks; Fig. by Jared Brooks

We evolve both stars plus their orbit; there is stable He burning, plus carbon flashes.



Work led by Jared Brooks; Fig. by Jared Brooks

Overview

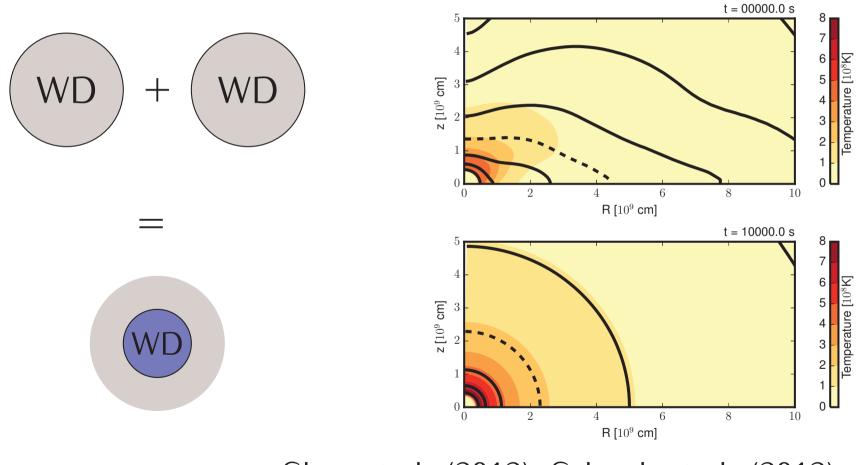
Evolution of accreting ONe WDs

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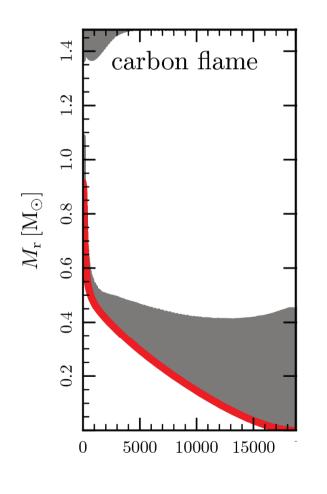
Bonus Topic: Carbon Flames

Double white dwarf mergers evolve towards a thermally-supported, spherical state.



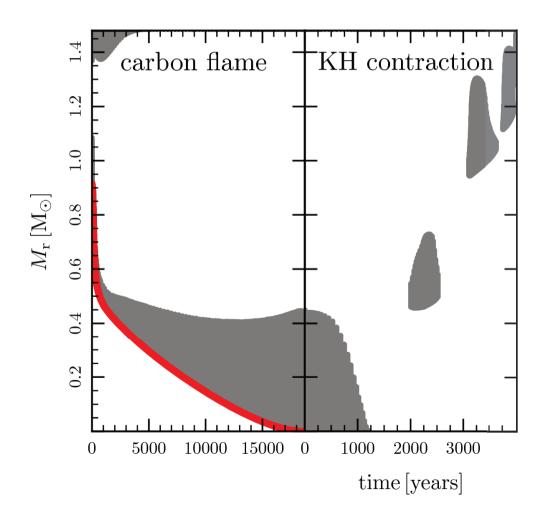
see Shen et al. (2012); Schwab et al. (2012)

A convectively-bounded carbon deflagration forms and propagates inward, reaching the center.

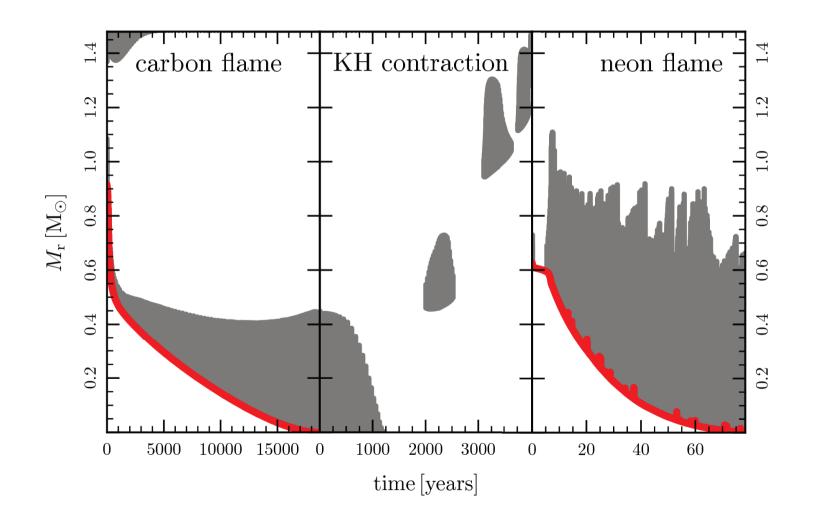


time [years]

Then the remnant undergoes a phase of Kelvin-Helmholtz contraction.

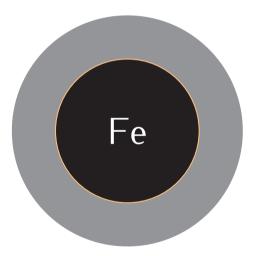


A convectively-bounded neon deflagration forms and propagates inward.



The outcome depends on the central composition; does the off-center burning reach the center?

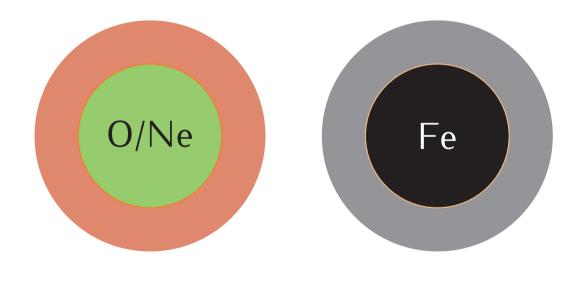
Core-collapse



Schwab+ (in prep)

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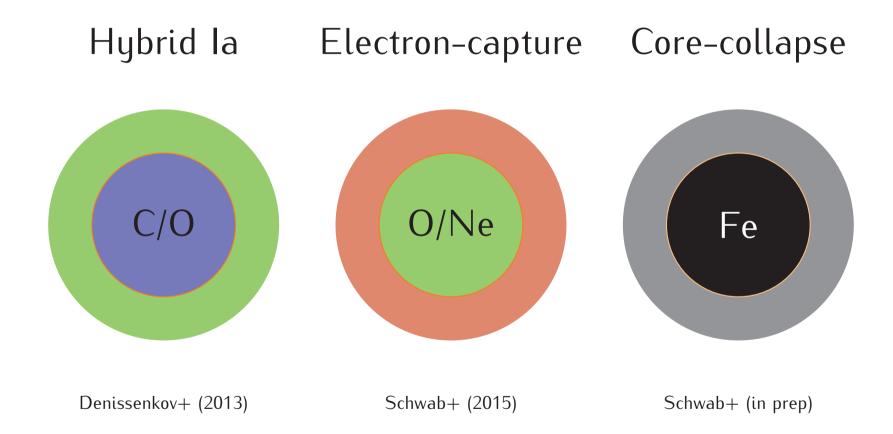
Electron-capture Core-collapse



Schwab+ (2015)

Schwab+ (in prep)

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Overview

Evolution of accreting ONe WDs

Applications

Summary and Conclusions

Bonus Topic: Carbon Flames

We've evolved single and double degenerate progenitors beginning from "early" phases up to the beginning of collapse.

- We've evolved single and double degenerate progenitors beginning from "early" phases up to the beginning of collapse.
- For super-Chandrasekhar WD mergers, the likely fate is collapse to a neutron star, though the collapse may not occur via an O/Ne core.

Overview

Evolution of accreting ONe WDs

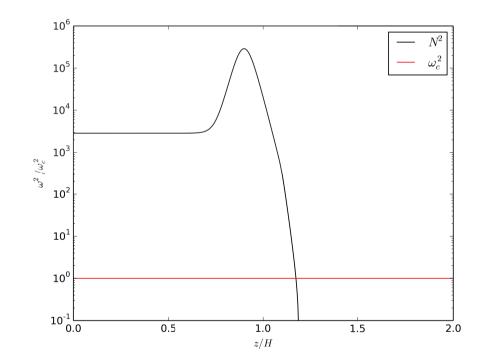
Applications

Summary and Conclusions

Bonus Topic: Carbon Flames

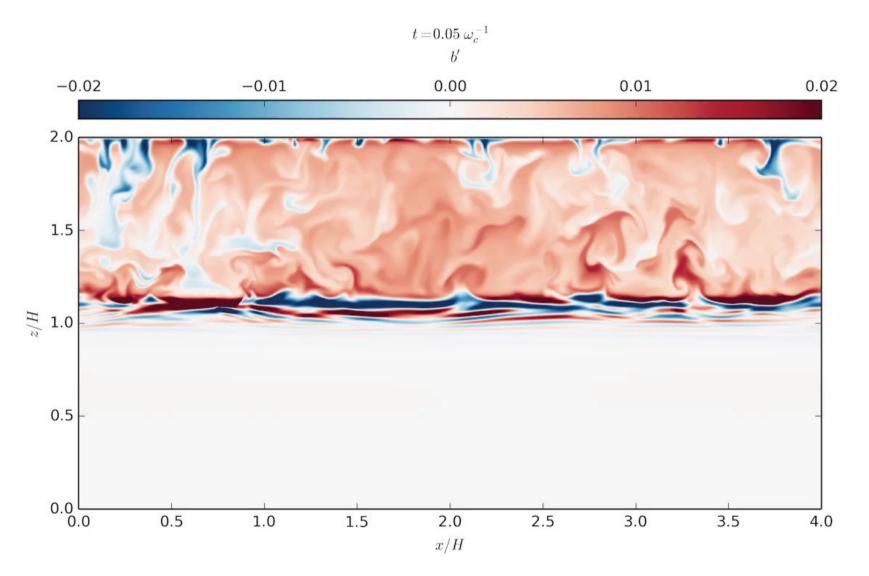
We have been performing simulations relevant to mixing in convectively-bounded deflagrations.

- Cartesian box
- Boussinesq approximation
- spectral method (Dedalus code)



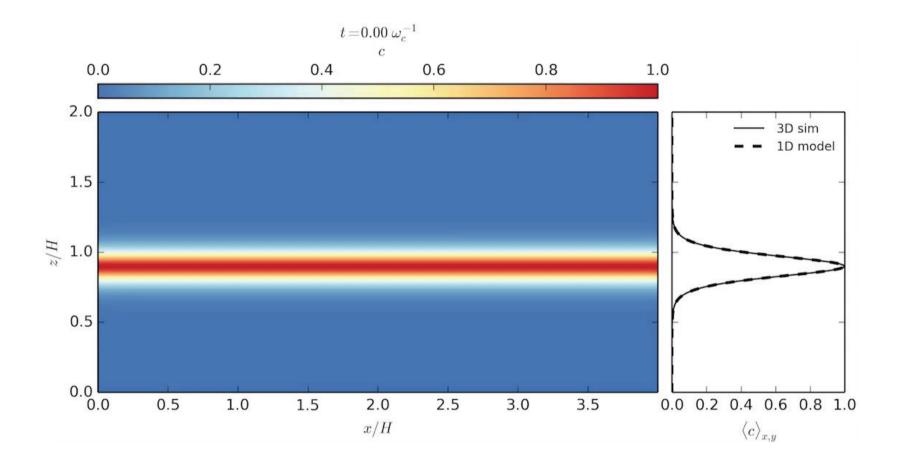
Work led by Daniel Lecoanet

Movie 1: Buoyancy Field



Simulation by Daniel Lecoanet

Movie 2: Diffusion model



Simulation by Daniel Lecoanet

Simulation Summary

- A model which treats the mixing as diffusive appears to be able to reproduce the results of the 3D calculation.
- The diffusion coefficient already begins to fall within the convection zone and has declined sharply by the location of neutral buoyancy; we see little mixing across the flame.