# CSE2306/1308 Digital Logic <br> Assignment 1 

Due date: Monday, 27th March<br>A/Prof. Andrew P. Paplinski (Clayton 75-190)<br>Robert Prain (Clayton 75-188)

Write your answers in the space provided in the assignment sheets.
Attach additional page if there is not enough space.
Plagiarised assignments will be given a zero mark.
Question 1: Add

$$
(21201)_{3}+(1221)_{3}=\square
$$

Show your working here:
$\square$

Question 2: Convert using the division by the target radix method:

1. $(347)_{10}$ to radix 3
2. $(753)_{10}$ to radix 4
3. and radix 2

Show your working here:
$\square$

Question 3: Convert using the multiplication by the source radix method:

1. $(221121)_{3}$ to radix 10
2. $(1753)_{10}$ to radix 2
3. and radix 4

Show your working here:

Question 4: Consider the following CMOS implementation of a logic gate:

1. Create the truth table $y(a, b)$ for the gate

2. What is the name of the gate?

$\square$

Question 5: Complete the following time waveforms:


What is the frequency of signals $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ ?

Question 6: Complete the following table in the format indicated

| Variables | Various basic logic functions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A B | f1 | £2 | f3 | f4 | f5 | f6 | f7 | f8 |
| 00 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 01 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 0 |  | 1 |
| 10 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 11 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Gate name |  | NAND |  |  |  |  | XNOR |  |
| Gate Symbol | $I$ |  |  | $-$ |  |  |  |  |
| Expression | $=$ | $=$ | $=$ | $=$ | $=A+B$ | $=$ | $=$ | = |

[8 marks]
Question 7: Complete the body or heading of each truth table column.

| Inputs <br> A B C | $\overline{\mathrm{B}} \overline{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{A}}+\mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{B}+\overline{\mathrm{C}})$ |  | $\bar{A} C+B \bar{C}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 000 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| 001 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 010 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| 011 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 1 |
| 1.00 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 1 |
| 101 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 110 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 1 |
| 111 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 1 |

Question 8: Give the formula for the maximum number of different logic functions (truth tables) that can be constructed using exactly $n$ binary variables
$\square$
[2 marks]
Question 9: The partly completed equations below refer to either a minterm or a Maxterm. Complete each equation to show the equivalence between the longhand and the shorthand forms.

[8 marks]
Question 10: Logic functions $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{T}$ and U have these truth tables:

| Inputs <br> A B C | P | Q | R | S | T | U |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 001 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 010 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 011 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 100 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 101 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 110 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 111 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

Complete each expression below to become a standard canonical form of the logic function. Use either the index list, or the shorthand format, as indicated by the partly complete answer:
$\mathrm{P}=\prod \mathrm{M}($
$Q=\overline{\sum m( }$
$\mathbf{R}=\sum \mathrm{m}($
$\mathbf{S}=\mathrm{m}$
$T=M$
$\mathbf{U}=\mathrm{M}$

## Question 11:

1. Give a Boolean expression that corresponds to this logic circuit:

2. Develop a truth table for the circuit, showing columns for at least the output of each 2input gate. You should invent new variable names for these intermediate outputs.


Question 12: Using logic variables $A, B, C$ give these Boolean algebra laws:
a) Distributive
laws: \#1
\#2
b) De Morgan's
laws: \#1
\#2
c) Four useful laws whose result is a logic constant.

Use suitable Boolean algebra law to:
d) $\mathbf{F}=\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{B}+\overline{\mathrm{C}})+(\overline{\bar{B}+C})$
Expand "F" into a sum of minterms.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
e) $\mathbf{G}=\overline{\mathrm{A}} \overline{\mathrm{B}} \overline{\mathrm{C}}+\mathrm{C}(\overline{\mathrm{A} \bar{B}})+\overline{\mathrm{A}}(\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{AB}) \quad$ Simplify "G" as far as possible.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Question 13: Consider the following four-variable function

$$
y\left(x_{3}, x_{2}, x_{1}, x_{0}\right)=\sum(0,2,3,6,7,9,11,15)
$$

Use the Karnaugh map to derive the following minimal forms of the function $y$ :

1. SoP
2. PoS
3. Inverted SoP
4. Inverted PoS
5. NAND form
6. NOR form

Question 14: Consider the following four-variable function

$$
y\left(x_{3}, x_{2}, x_{1}, x_{0}\right)=\sum(0,1,4,5,6,8,9,11,15)
$$

1. Implement the above function using a decoder generating Maxterms. Draw a suitable diagram
2. Implement the above function using the 8 -to- 1 multiplexer. Give the modified truth table and the relevant diagram.
[Total marks: 100]
