

## Zoo400 Quiz 2: Mar 2, 1999

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

EMU assembler/machine correspondence:

ADD=0, DEC=1, INC=2, SKP=3, JMP=4, CLA=5, LDA=6, HLT=7

Other abbreviations:

ACC=Accumulator, PC=program counter, IR=instruction register

Octal to binary equivalents:

0=000, 1=001, 2=010, 3=011, 4=100, 5=101, 6=110, 7=111

There is only 1 best answer per question. (1 pt each)

1. Which of the following would **NOT** necessarily work as a NOP if placed in address 0. (NB a NOP is a no-operation, a step that will not effect the running of the program as it goes over that step).
  - (A) 3000
  - (B) 0000
  - (C) 4001
  - (D) 3001
2. Which of the following commands alters the accumulator:
  - (A) 6000
  - (B) 7777
  - (C) 2000
  - (D) 4000
  - (E) 5777
3. With 3 as the contents of the accumulator, the command 0001 will have the same effect as CLA if the contents of address 1 is:
  - (A) 6775
  - (B) 7775
  - (C) 0000
  - (D) 7777
  - (E) 0003
4. The command 'DEC 2' in 4 digit octal is decimal (hint consider each place as a power of 8)
  - (A) 1002
  - (B) 2001
  - (C) 514
  - (D) 258
  - (E) 259

The following questions pertain to this program (in octal):

**0:5000**

**1:0012**

**2:1011**

**3:3011**

**4:4001**

**5:6013**

**6:7000**

5. The command in address 4 is a:

- (A) CLA
- (B) JMP
- (C) SKP
- (D) HLT
- (E) ADD

6. The binary **ADDRESS** referenced by the command in address 5 is:

- (A) 110
- (B) 011
- (C) 1011
- (D) 110000001011
- (E) 1101

7. The program performs a

- (A) subtraction
- (B) addition
- (C) division
- (D) imperfect self-copy
- (E) multiplication

The following questions pertain to this program (in octal):

**0: 5000**

**1: 0005**

**2: 6017**

**3: 1001**

**4: 1002**

**5: 4000**

8. In general, a word in memory that is altered by a program is considered data while a word in memory that is executed (pointed to by PC, loaded into IR, processed by CPU) is considered part of the program. Which address holds a word that serves as both data and program.

(A) 0

(B) 1

(C) 3

(D) 4

(E) 5

9. The program performs a

(A) subtraction

(B) addition

(C) division

(D) imperfect self-copy

(E) multiplication

10. The program will halt at address (ie the final address in the PC will be):

(A) 0

(B) 1

(C) 3

(D) 4

(E) 5